UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event Reported): May 26, 2021

Scholar Rock Holding Corporation

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) **001-38501** (Commission File Number) 82-3750435 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

301 Binney Street, 3rd Floor, Cambridge, MA 02142 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(857) 259-3860

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	SRRK	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (17 CFR §230.405) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 CFR §240.12b-2). Emerging growth company 🖂

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 8.01. Other Events.

The Company from time to time provides business updates to members of the investment community and other parties. A copy of the Company's current corporate slide presentation is being filed herewith as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference. The Company undertakes no obligation to update, supplement or amend the materials attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>99.1</u>	Presentation slide deck, furnished hereto.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Scholar Rock Holding Corporation

Date: May 26, 2021

By: <u>/s/ Junlin Ho</u> Junlin Ho General Counsel and Corporate Secretary





Deep Insights, Impactful Medicines

May 2021



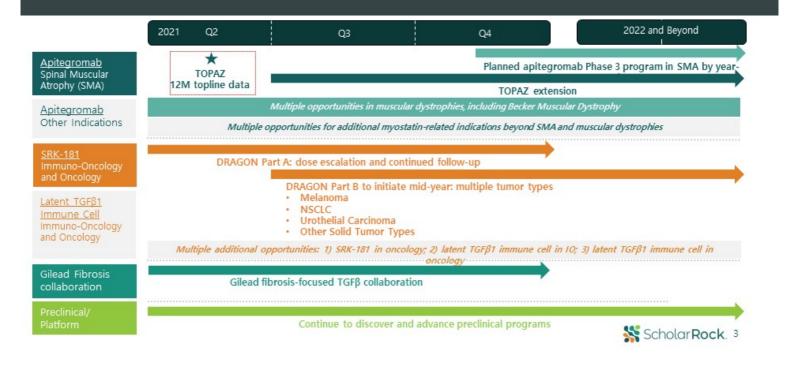
Disclaimers

Various statements in this presentation concerning the future expectations, plans and prospects of Scholar Rock, Inc. ("Scholar Rock", including without limitation, Scholar Rock's expectations regarding its strategy, its product candidate selection and development timing, including timing for the initiation of and reporting results from tis clinical trials for its product candidates, its disease indication selection and timing for such selection, the ability of apitegromab (SRK-015) to affect the treatment of patients suffering from Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) either as a monotherapy or in conjunction with the current standard of care, and the ability of SRK-181 to affect the treatment of cancer patients in a manner consistent with preclinical data constitute forward-looking statements for the purposes of the safe harbor provisions under The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The use of words such as "may," "might," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "target," "project," "intend," "future," "potential," or "continue," and other similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those indicated by these forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors, including, without limitation, preclinical and clinical data, including the 12-month top-line results from thus Phase 2 trial of apitegromab in SMA, Scholar Rock's ability to provide the financial support, resources and expertise necessary to identify and develop product candidates on the expected timeline, the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, Scholar Rock's ability to obtain, maintain and protect its intellectual property, Scholar Rock's able and exchange commission, as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties, and other important factors in Scholar Rock's ability to obtain additional funding when needed to support its business activities and establish and maintain strategic business alliances and new busines

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2021: Potential for Another Transformative Year



Bringing a Revolutionary Approach to Highly Sought-After

Growth Factors Implicated in Devastating Diseases

Scholar Rock's Target Growth Factor Precursor (Latent Form)



Scholar Rock's R&D Platform Transform Medical Practice

- Pursue important targets with well-validated biology but are difficult to drug
- Apply revolutionary approach to tough targets
 - Leverage deep insights into structure and function
 - Engineer antibodies to deliver differentiated therapeutic profiles (i.e. exquisite selectivity)

TOPAZ demonstrated the therapeutic potential of inhibiting the latent forms of growth factors

Scholar**Rock**. 4





Apitegromab: Transformative Potential Demonstrated in TOPAZ Phase 2 Trial for Patients with Type 2 and 3 SMA

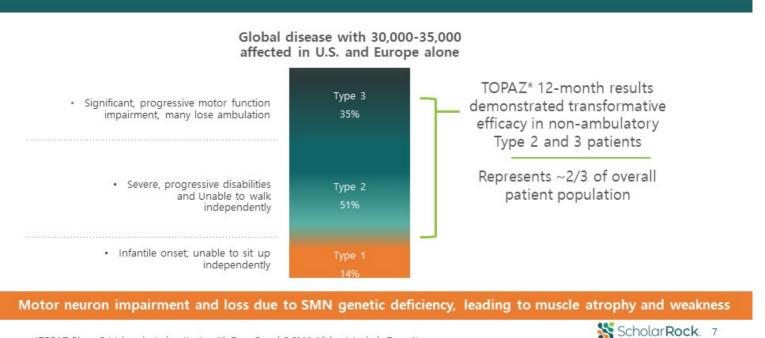


Apitegromab Positioned to be Next Potential Transformative Therapy for Patients Suffering with

- Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA) remains a devastating and debilitating illness despite the availability of SMN upregulators
 - To improve motor function, a muscle-directed approach like apitegromab is needed to complement the disease stabilizing effects of SMN upregulators
- ✓ Apitegromab demonstrated transformative potential in SMA through the TOPAZ Phase 2 trial, especially in non-ambulatory Type 2 and 3 patients
 - Patients 2-6 years of age: +7.1-point increase in HFMSE and 63% attained a ≥3-point increase with 20 mg/kg dose
 - Patients 8-19 years of age: +1.2-point* increase in HFMSE and 31% attained a ≥3-point increase
 - Non-ambulatory Type 2 and 3 patients represent ~2/3 of overall population
- ✓ TOPAZ results offer exciting path forward for investigating apitegromab in a rational, targeted, and efficient Phase 3 trial in non-ambulatory Type 2 and 3 patients

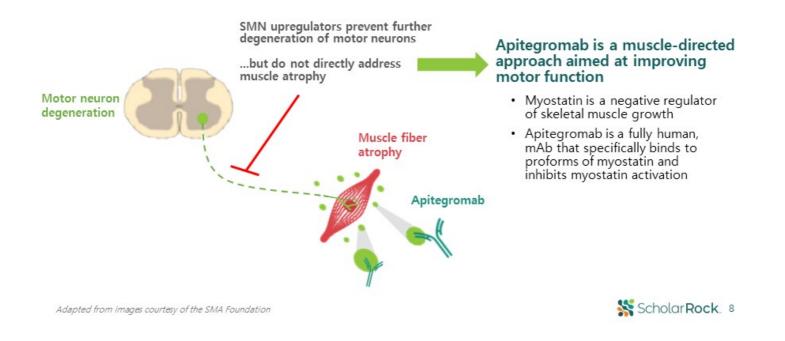
*Per-protocol: excludes patient with concomitant exposure to an acety/cholinesterase inhibitor not permitted per the TOPAZ protocol Scholar Rock. 6

Spinal Muscular Atrophy Overview



*TOPAZ Phase 2 trial evaluated patients with Type 2 and 3 SMA (did not include Type 1)

Apitegromab: Muscle-Directed Therapy Aimed at Complementing SMN Upregulators



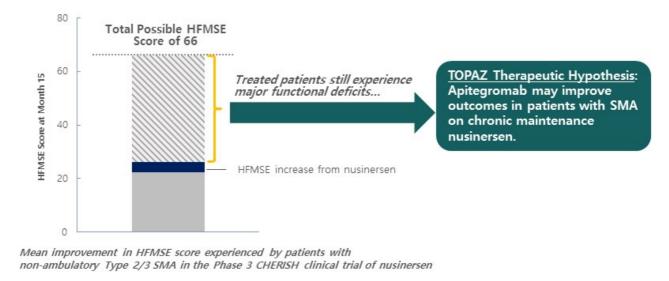
Stage is Set for New Treatment Era: *Muscle-Directed Therapy + SMN Upregulators*

	(nusinersen)	Evrysdi.	Colgensma* (onasemnogene abeparvovec-xioi)
Phase 3 Trial Design	 Non-ambulatory Type 2/3 2-12 years of age Primary endpoint: Mean change from baseline in HFMSE at 15 months. 	 Non-ambulatory Type 2/3 2-25 years of age Primary endpoint: Mean change from baseline in MFM-32 at 12 months 	 Infantile-onset Type 1 <6 months of age Primary endpoints: Ability to sit independently and event-free survival
Indication	 Type 1, 2, and 3 SMA in pediatric and adult patients 	 Type 1, 2, 3 SMA in patients 2 months of age and older 	 Approved for SMA less than 2 years of age
Market Penetration	 >11,000* patients treated WW \$2+ billion in revenues (LTM) 	 ~3,000** patients treated WW ~CHF135 million in revenues (LTM) 	 ~1,200*** patients treated WW ~\$1.1 billion in revenues (LTM)
Persistent Need	 Major functional deficits remain HFMSE improvements only in younger patients and rapidly plateaus 	 Major functional deficits remain Increases in MFM-32 primarily limited to youngest patients HFMSE effects not as pronounced 	 Limited data and eligibility for use beyond very young patients

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*As of 1Q21 financial update on 4/22/21; includes patients treated worldwide in post-marketing setting, expanded access program, and clinical trials. **As of 1Q21 financial update on 4/21/21; includes patients treated worldwide between clinical trials, commercial, and compassionate use

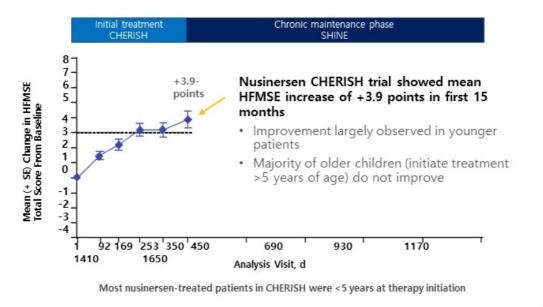
Patients Continue to Experience Major Functional Deficits Despite Availability of Multiple SMN Upregulator Therapies



Source: Darras, B., et.al. Nusinersen in later-onset spinal muscular atrophy. *Neurology*: May 2019; 92 (21) e2492-e2506. This third-party information is provided for background only and is not intended to convey or imply a comparison to the TOPAZ clinical trial results.

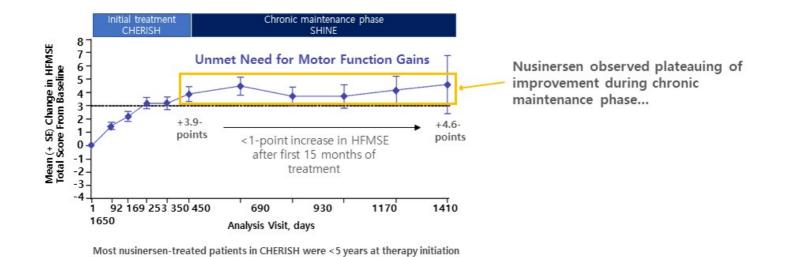
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Non-Ambulatory Type 2/3 SMA: Nusinersen Offers HFMSE Increases Primarily in First Year of Treatment



"Longer-term treatment with nusinersen: results in later-onset spinal muscular atrophy from the SHINE study" P.257, World Muscle Society Congress 202 Scholar Rock. 11 This third-party information is provided for background only and is not intended to convey or imply a comparison to the TOPAZ clinical trial results.

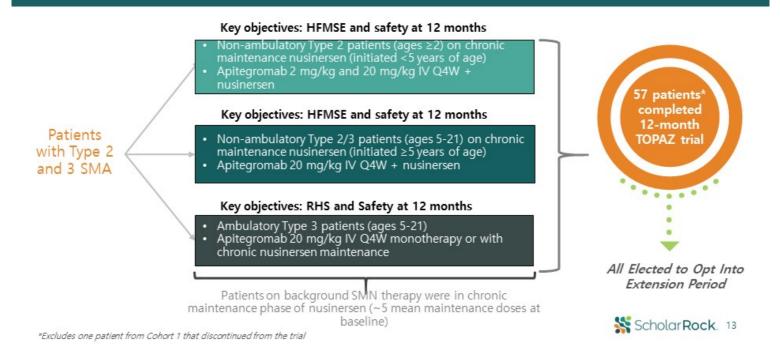
Plateauing of Nusinersen Effect Observed Post Initial 15 Months of Treatment in Non-Ambulatory Type 2/3 SMA



"Longer-term treatment with nusinersen: results in later-onset spinal muscular atrophy from the SHINE study" P.257, World Muscle Society Congress 202 Scholar Rock. 12 This third-party information is provided for background only and is not intended to convey or imply a comparison to the TOPAZ clinical trial results.

Apitegromab Phase 2 Trial Design





Baseline Characteristics Nusinersen-treated patients well into chronic maintenance phase



	٩	Ion-Ambulatory, Ages 2-6		Non-Ambulatory, Ages 8-19		Ambulatory	
	20 mg/kg +nusinersen	2 mg/kg +nusinersen	Pooled	20 mg/kg +nusinersen	20 mg/kg monotherapy	20 mg/kg +nusinersen	Pooled
Ν	10	10	20	15	11	12	23
Mean age (min, max)	3.8 (2, 6)	4.1 (2, 6)	4.0 (2, 6)	11.7 (8, 19)	12.1 (7, 19)	13.1 (7, 21)	12.6 (7, 21)
Mean RHS score (min, max)					47.6 (26, 63)	51.3 (43, 62)	49.6 (26, 63)
Mean HFMSE score (min, max)	23.5 (14, 42)	26.1 (12, 44)	24.8 (12, 44)	22.7 (13, 39)			
Mean # of nusinersen maintenance doses (min, max)	5.4 (3, 8)	5.5 (2, 9)	5.5 (2, 9)	5.1 (2, 9)	N/A	5.6 (2, 8)	N/A
SMN2 Gene Copy* (#, %)							
2	1 (10%)	1 (10%)	2 (10%)		1 (9%)	0 (0%)	1 (4%)
3	8 (80%)	8 (80%)	16 (80%)	11 (73%)	4 (36%)	9 (75%)	13 (57%)
4	0 (0%)	1 (10%)	1 (5%)	2 (13%)	4 (36%)	1 (8%)	5 (22%)
Discontinuation(s)	0	0	0	0	0	1**	1**

*Data not available for all patients **Patient who discontinued study for reasons unrelated to study drug HFMSE=Hammersmith Functional Motor Scale Expanded; RHS=Revised Hammersmith Scale

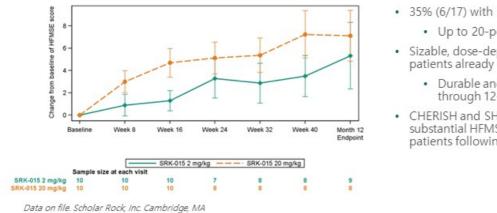
Data on file. Scholar Rock, Inc. Cambridge, MA



Non-Ambulatory Cohort (Ages 2-6): Sizable HFMSE Increases of Up to 20-points



Non-Ambulatory Type 2 SMA (Intent-to-Treat Population)	Apitegromab 20 mg/kg + nusinersen (n=8)	Apitegromab 2 mg/kg + nusinersen (n=9)	Pooled (n=17)
Mean change from baseline in HFMSE (95% CI)	+7.1 (1.8, 12.5)	+5.3 (-1.5, 12.2)	+6.2 (2.2, 10.1)
# (%) patients achieving \geq 1-pt increase in HFMSE	7/8 (88%)	7/9 (78%)	14/17 (82%)
# (%) patients achieving ≥3-pt increase in HFMSE	5/8 (63%)	5/9 (56%)	10/17 (59%)
# (%) patients achieving ≥5-pt increase in HFMSE	5/8 (63%)	5/9 (56%)	10/17 (59%)



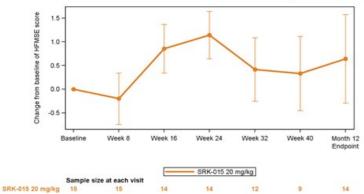
- 35% (6/17) with >10-point increase in HFMSE
 - · Up to 20-point increases in HFMSE observed
- Sizable, dose-dependent increases in HFMSE observed in patients already on chronic maintenance nusinersen
 - Durable and continuous improvements observed through 12-months
- CHERISH and SHINE nusinersen studies suggest substantial HFMSE increases do not occur in younger patients following first year of treatment



Non-Ambulatory Cohort (Ages 8-19): Majority of Patients Attained Increases in HFMSE



Non-Ambulatory Type 2 and Type 3 SMA	Apitegromab (20 mg/kg) + nusinersen Per Protocol Population* (n=13)	Apitegromab (20 mg/kg) + nusinersen Intent-to-Treat Population (n=14)
Mean change from baseline in HFMSE (95% CI)	+1.2 (-0.5, 2.9)	+0.6 (-1.4, 2.7)
# (%) patients achieving ≥1-pt increase in HFMSE	9/13 (69%)	9/14 (64%)
# (%) patients achieving ≥3-pt increase in HFMSE	4/13 (31%)	4/14 (29%)
# (%) patients achieving \geq 5-pt increase in HFMSE	2/13 (15%)	2/14 (14%)



- · Majority of patients attained increases in HFMSE
 - ~30% achieved ≥3-point increase in HFMSE
 - · Durability of effect observed through 12-months
- Improvements not seen with other therapies in this older patient population
 - Patients already on chronic maintenance nusinersen
- CHERISH data suggest older patients on average observe declines and rarely observe a 3-point increase in HFMSE

*Patient had concomitant exposure to an acetylcholinesterase inhibitor, which is not permitted per the TOPAZ trial protocol Data on file. Scholar Rock, Inc. Cambridge, MA



Safety Results from TOPAZ 12-Month Top-Line Analysis Support Evaluation of Apitegromab in Phase 3 Trial

Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)	Apitegromab 2 mg/kg (n=10)	Apitegromab 20 mg/kg (n=48)	Total (n=58)
Any TEAE	9 (90.0%)	44 (91.7%)	53 (91.4%)
Any Serious TEAE	1 (10.0%)	4 (8.3%)	5 (8.6%)
Any TEAE leading to study drug discontinuation	0 (0.0%)	1 (2.1%)	1 (1.7%)
Any Grade 3 (severe) or higher TEAE	0 (0.0%)	3 (6.2%)	3 (5.2%)

• Five most frequently reported TEAEs*: Headache (24%), pyrexia (22%), upper respiratory tract infection (22%), cough (22%), and nasopharyngitis (21%).

- SAEs, Grade 3 AEs and AE leading to early study discontinuation were all assessed by investigators as unrelated to study drug
- Anti-drug antibodies (ADA) were present at low titers following apitegromab treatment in 3 out of 58 enrolled patients. No apparent impact on drug exposure was observed and was not associated with any hypersensitivity reactions.
- No safety signals identified as of the TOPAZ 12-month top-line analysis.

Incidence and severity of AEs were consistent with the underlying patient population and background therapy

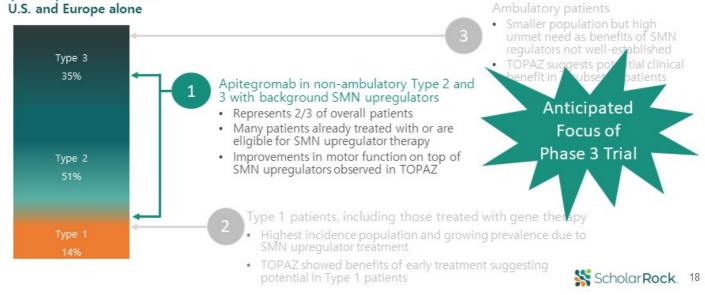
Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs) are defined as AEs that start after the first dose of study drug or start prior to the administration of study drug and worsen in severity/grade or relationship to investigational medication after the administration of study drug.



*TEAE rates are across all patients in TOPAZ trial

Initial Regulatory Strategy Focuses on Non-Ambulatory Patients on Background SMN Therapy

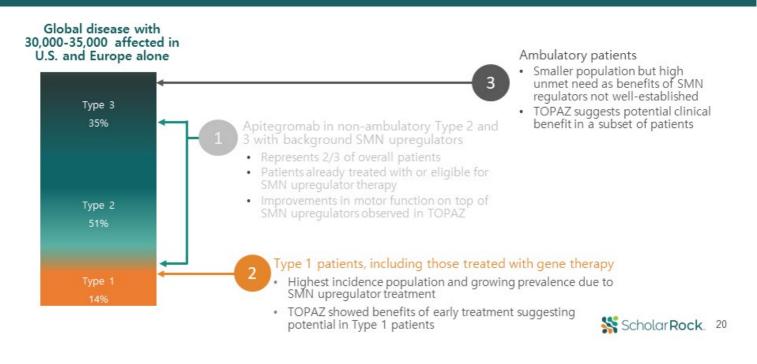
Global disease with 30,000-35,000 affected in U.S. and Europe alone



Preliminary Thoughts on Apitegromab Phase 3 Trial Design

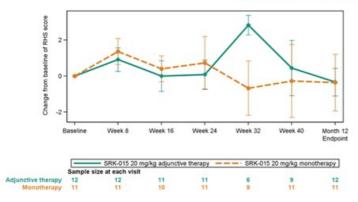
	Design	 12-month treatment period Apitegromab IV Q4W as add-on to nusinersen or risdiplam TOPAZ data support investigation of 20 mg/kg dose
Registrational trial design subject to regulator	Subjects	 Non-ambulatory Type 2 and Type 3 SMA Pediatric population in chronic maintenance phase of SMN therapy
interactions and feedback	Key Objectives	HFMSESafety
	Timeline	• Aim to initiate by end of 2021
		Scholar Rock. ¹⁹

Additional Opportunities May Be Pursued With Separate Regulatory Strategies



Majority of Ambulatory Patients Maintained or Improved in RHS Score from Baseline

Ambulatory Type 3 SMA (Intent-to-Treat Population)	Apitegromab (20 mg/kg) monotherapy (n=11)	Apitegromab (20 mg/kg) + nusinersen (n=12)	Pooled (n=23)
Mean change from baseline in RHS (95% CI)	-0.4 (-3.9, 3.1)	-0.3 (-2.0, 1.4)	-0.3 (-2.1, 1.4)
# (%) patients achieving ≥0-pt increase in RHS	6/11 (55%)	7/12 (58%)	13/23 (57%)
# (%) patients achieving ≥1-pt increase in RHS	4/11 (36%)	5/12 (42%)	9/23 (39%)
# (%) patients achieving \geq 3-pt increase in RHS	3/11 (27%)	2/12 (17%)	5/23 (22%)



- Majority of patients maintained or improved
 - 57% (13/23) with ≥0-point increase in RHS
 - 39% (9/23) with ≥1-point increase in RHS
 - · Increases of up to 8-points observed
- Potential signal for therapeutic benefit observed in this population

Data on file. Scholar Rock, Inc. Cambridge, MA



Additional TOPAZ Data and Analyses Will Further Our Understanding of Apitegromab's Potential in SMA

TOPAZ trial enrolled in ~8 months



4

- · Exploratory analyses, including patient-level data
- · Additional outcome measures
- · Additional safety data



Plan to present 12-month top-line data and additional analyses at medical congresses in coming months

Extension Period

*Excludes one patient from Cohort 1 that discontinued from the trial

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SRK-181: Potential Transformative Backbone for a New Era of Cancer Immunotherapy



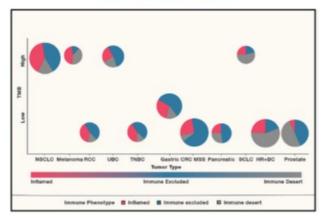
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Significant Interest in Potential Role of TGFβ Inhibition in Immuno-Oncology

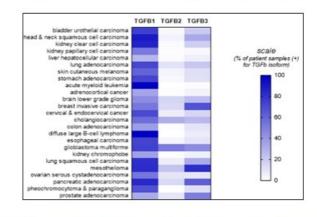
<i>Nature</i> (online), Feb. 14, 2018.	Cell Article
GFB attenuates tumour response to PD-L1 lockade by contributing to exclusion of T cells isev Mariathasae ^{1e} , Shannon I. Turky ^{1e} , Dorothee Nickles ^{1e} , Alessandra Castiglioni ¹ , Kobe Yuae ¹ , Vilei Wang ¹ , mard E. Kadel III ¹ , Hartmut Koeppen ¹ , Illian L. Astarita ¹ , Rafael Cabad, Suchit Ihunjitumval ² , Romain Banchereau ¹ , and E. Kadel III ¹ , Hartmut Koeppen ¹ , Illian L. Astarita ¹ , Rafael Cabad, Suchit Ihunjitumval ² , Romain Banchereau ¹ , and Yang, Yinghui Guan ¹ , Coeffe Chaloum ¹ , James Zial ¹ , Yasin Sombataoglu ¹ , Sarphen Samato ² , Daniel Shelmson ¹ , hery Hung ¹ , Jennifer M. Gitmane ¹ , Andrew A. Pierce ¹ , Kathryn Mesh ¹ , Steve Lianoglou ¹ , Johannes Riegler ¹ , hard A. D. Carnon ² , Ponts Erikson ¹ , Martis Högland ² , Lana Komarniba ¹ , Daniel I. Schen ¹ , Marjorie Green ¹ , Christina Der sezD. Fine ² , Pritis I. Heidel, Richard Bourgourd ¹ & Tomarse Powles ⁴	eth ¹ ,
February 2019: "GSK and Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany announce global alliance to jointly develop an commercialise M7824, a novel immunotherapy with potential in multiple difficult-to-treat cancers" • €300 million upfront and up to €3.7 billion total	d ATURE REVIEWS CLINICAL ONCOLOGY TGFβ biology in cancer progression and immunotherapy Rik Derynck ^{1,2,155} , Shannon J. Turkey ⁴⁵⁵ and Rosemary J. Akhurst ^{2,2,155} July 24, 2020: https://doi.org/10.1038/s41571-020-0403-1
ne 2019: "Merck to Acquire Tilos Therapeutics: Merck Gains ortfolio of Investigational Antibodies Modulating TGF [®] "	August 2020: "Bristol Myers Squibb Enters Agreement to Acquire Forbius TGF-beta Program"
\$773 million total potential deal value	Scholar Rock.

Emerging Evidence Implicates TGF^β1 as Driving Primary Resistance to Checkpoint Inhibitors

Substantial % of solid tumors exhibit immune exclusion



Cancer Genome Atlas RNAseq analysis of >10,000 samples spanning 33 tumor types*

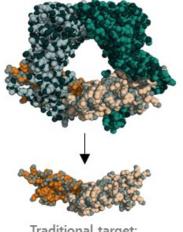


Human Tumor Analyses Reveal TGFβ1 as Most Likely Driver of TGFβ Signaling Pathway in Cancers

¹Priti H, et al. Top 10 challenges in cancer immunotherapy. *Immunity*: 2020 Jan 14:52(1):17-35. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.immuni.2019.12.011. *Source: National Cancer Institute - Cancer Genome Atlas Program. ScholarRock. 25

SRK-181: Unique TGFβ1-Selective Approach to Overcoming Checkpoint Inhibitor Resistance

Scholar Rock's Target SRK-181: Latent TGFβ1 Inhibitor

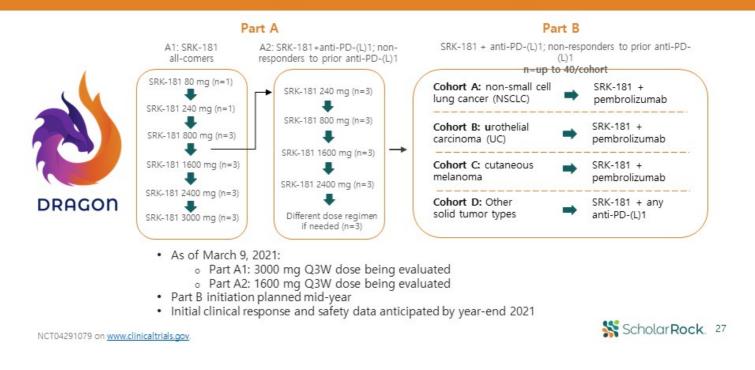


Traditional target: "Mature" growth factor

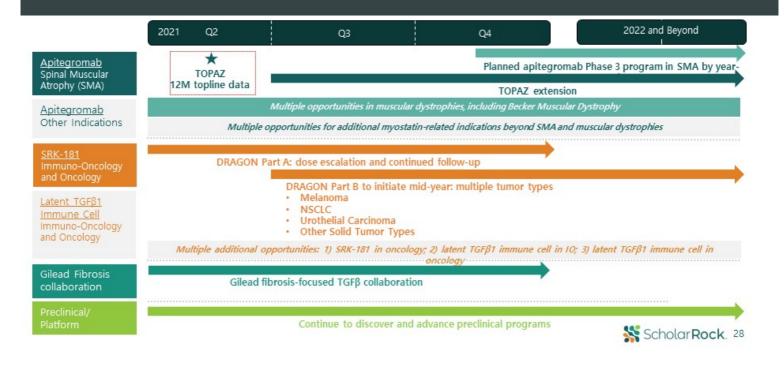
- Inhibits TGFβ1 pathway implicated in CPI resistance
- <u>Highly selective targeting</u> avoids inhibiting latent TGFβ2 and TGFβ3 isoforms
- <u>Aimed at increasing therapeutic window</u> potentially avoids toxicities associated with nonselective TGFβ inhibition
- <u>Therapeutic flexibility</u> pair with any CPI and optimize dosing of each component of combination therapy

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DRAGON Phase 1 POC Trial to Evaluate SRK-181's Ability to Overcome Primary Resistance to Checkpoint Inhibitors



2021: Potential for Another Transformative Year

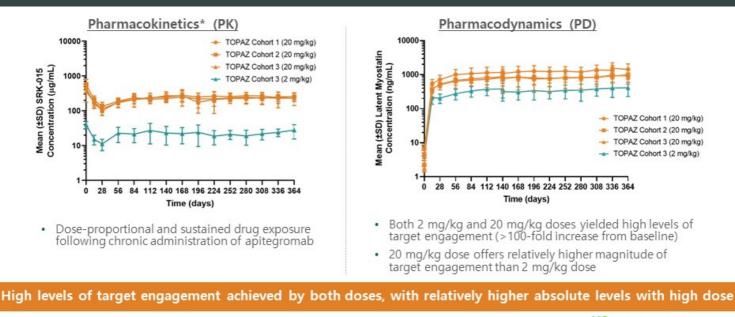




Apitegromab: Pairing the latent form with important translational insights

Scholar Rock's Guiding Principles for Neuromuscular Indication Selection	Key Characteristics of Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)
Younger population	Genetic disorder with onset in childhood
At least partially intact innervation and no structural muscle abnormalities	Partial neural connectivity and atrophied muscles that largely retain structural integrity
Need for increase in fast-twitch muscle fibers	Substantial deficit in fast-twitch fibers
Clinical trial endpoint driven by fast-twitch fiber function	Fast-twitch fiber function has a prominent role in SMA outcome measures

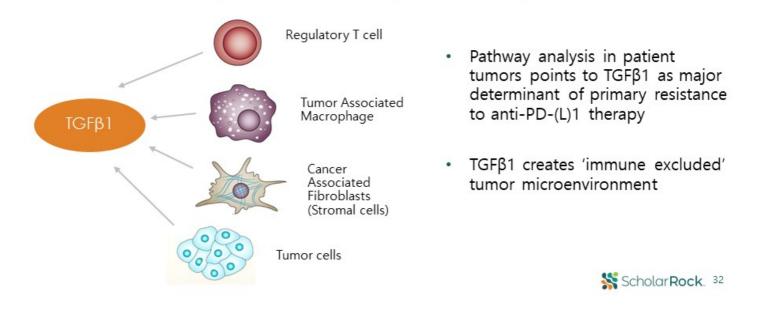
Pharmacokinetic and Pharmacodynamic Data are Supportive of Clinically Observed Effects



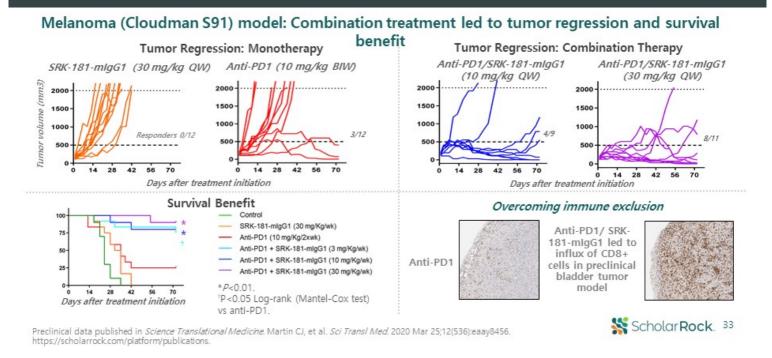
*Starting at day 28, measures are pre-dose trough levels Data on file. Scholar Rock, Inc. Cambridge, MA ScholarRock. 31

Inhibition of TGFβ1: Multipronged Approach for Immuno-Oncology

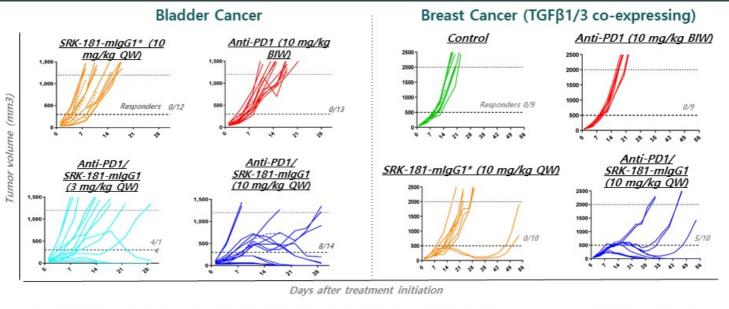
TGF\$1 is a key driver of immune system evasion by cancer cells



TGFβ1 Blockade with SRK-181-mlgG1 Rendered Preclinical Tumor Models Susceptible to Anti-PD1 Therapy



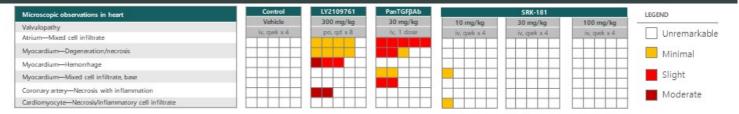
TGFβ1 Blockade with SRK-181-mlgG1 Rendered Preclinical Tumor Models Susceptible to Anti-PD1 Therapy



Scholar Rock. 34

Preclinical data published in *Science Translational Medicine*. Martin CJ, et al. *Sci Transl Med.* 2020 Mar 25;12(536):eaay8456. https://scholarrock.com/platform/publications/. **SRK-181-mlgG1 is the murine version of SRK-181; responder defined as tumor size <25% endpoint volume at study end.*

TGFβ1 Isoform Specificity of SRK-181 Improved Preclinical Toxicity Profile



Repeat dose pilot toxicology study in adult female Sprague Dawley rats:

- Cardiac findings were exhibited in animals dosed with a pan-TGFβ antibody or LY2109761 (inhibitor of ALK5, common TGFβ receptor kinase) as expected based on published data[†]
- · No cardiotoxicities (valvulopathy) were noted with SRK-181
 - NOAEL for SRK-181 was the highest dose evaluated of 100 mg/kg QW

4-week GLP toxicology studies:

- Rats: NOAEL for SRK-181 was up to highest evaluated dose of 200 mg/kg QW
- Non-human primates: NOAEL for SRK-181 was up to highest evaluated dose of 300 mg/kg QW

Selectivity of SRK-181 offers potential to overcome toxicity and doselimiting challenges of non-selective TGFβ pathway approaches

Preclinical data published in *Science Translational Medicine*. Martin CJ, et al. *Sci Transl Med* 2020 Mar 25;12(536): eaay8456. *Source: Anderton MJ, et al. Induction of heart valve lesions by small-molecule ALK5 inhibitors. *Toxicol Pathol*. 2011;39: 916-924; and Stauber AJ, et al. Nonclinical safety evaluation of a transforming growth factor β Receptor I kinase inhibitor in Fischer 344 rats and beagle dogs. *J Clin Pract*. 2014: 4;3.

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